## State of Alaska

Privately Owned Vehicle Mileage Reimbursement Rates						
_		Airplanes	Airplanes	Motorcycles,		
		GSA Rate	Dry Rate	Snowmobiles,		
Effective Date	Automobiles	see Note	see Note	Boats		
January 1, 2024	\$0.670	\$1.760	\$1.040	\$0.650		
January 1, 2023	\$0.655	\$1.740	\$1.040	\$0.635		
July 1, 2022	\$0.625	\$1.810	\$1.040	\$0.605		
January 1, 2022	\$0.585	\$1.515	\$1.040	\$0.565		
January 1, 2021	\$0.560	\$1.260	\$1.040	\$0.540		
January 1, 2020	\$0.575	\$1.270	\$1.040	\$0.545		
January 1, 2019	\$0.580	\$1.170	\$1.040	\$0.510		
January 1, 2018	\$0.545	\$1.170	\$1.040	\$0.510		
January 1, 2017	\$0.535	\$1.170	\$1.040	\$0.510		

Typically, the State of Alaska uses the rates for automobiles established by the IRS and the established rates from the U.S. General Services Administration and/or U.S. Department of Defense for all other types of vehicles; however, the State implementation dates may lag slightly.

**Note:** Airplane GSA rates reimburse employees for all costs, including fuel. Beginning July 1, 2010, the State developed a dry rate to ensure that employees who use their personal airplanes in areas where fuel rates are higher may be reimbursed for these higher fuel costs.

Use of the dry rate is optional. It requires the employee to provide an invoice to document the price paid for fuel used on State travel, and reimbursement will be calculated using 15 mpg. If fuel is provided by the State, only the dry rate times mileage is used to determine the total reimbursement.

Example for 100 miles of State travel with fuel invoice of \$7.25 per gallon:

	Total reimbursement	\$ 152.33
Fuel cost	100 miles @ 15 mpg @ \$7.25 =	48.33
Dry rate	100 miles @ \$1.04 =	\$ 104.00

POV Rate Table Revised 01/06/2023