



STATE OF
ALASKA

Deferred Compensation

*Internal Revenue Code
(IRC) Section 457*

Investment Option Detail Sheet

Interest Income Fund

*Actively managed stable
value fund that holds
synthetic investment
contracts with
underlying fixed income
securities.*

*Fund descriptions and the
fund's top holdings are
updated approximately every
6 months. Fund return results
are reported quarterly and
are included with participant
account statements.*

For information on available investment options, please visit our Web site at www.state.ak.us/drbc. Under "Programs", click on the "Deferred Compensation Plan" line; then on the next page, under "Publications", click on "Investment Option Detail Sheets". Please Note: Adobe Acrobat Reader is required to download and view Investment Option Detail Sheets. You can print a copy of any sheet directly from your Web browser; if you are unable to do so, please call DRB.
98214-01 DCP FDS-1 (4/07)

Data as of March 31, 2007

Interest Income Fund

Investment Objective

To maximize current income, while maintaining principal stability.

How the Fund Works

The Interest Income Fund invests in a diversified portfolio of synthetic investment contracts (SICs). SICs are issued by banks and insurance companies that meet stringent credit standards. Supporting securities for SICs typically include U.S. Treasury/Agency obligations, mortgage and asset-backed securities, as well as investment grade corporate bonds.

Investor Profile

This fund is geared towards investors who seek a steady, reliable, attractive rate of return with relatively low risk. This fund may also be appropriate for investors who seek to balance out greater levels of risk that they have assumed elsewhere in their portfolios. An investment in the Interest Income Fund can generally be expected to deliver a higher rate of return than a money market fund, and over time, is expected to deliver returns that are comparable to intermediate term investment grade bond portfolios.

Fund Benchmark

Due to the unique structure of the Interest Income Fund, a comparison benchmark does not exist. However, many investors in a stable value fund like the Interest Income Fund will compare their longer-term performance against money market funds and/or intermediate-term bond funds.

Fund Management

Investment services for the Interest Income Fund are provided by T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.

Registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission is not required for the State of Alaska Deferred Compensation Plan.

Past performance is never a guarantee of future results.

T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc. is registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940.

For more information about the risks of investing, please read your "Plan Information" booklet.

State of Alaska Deferred Compensation Plan

Interest Income Fund (managed by T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.)

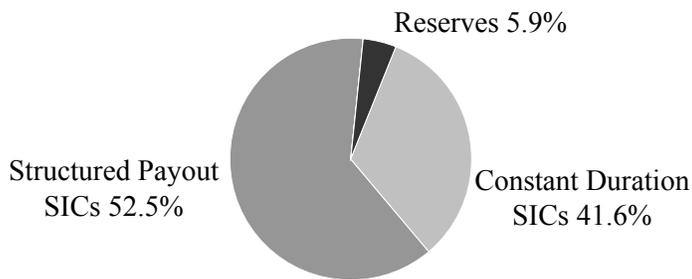
The Interest Income Fund has 3 main components:

- The cash reserve segment provides liquidity for participant initiated withdrawals.
- The structured payout segment seeks to provide cash for continuous reinvestment at prevailing interest rate levels and maintains a relatively short average maturity.
- The constant duration segment has a longer average maturity and seeks to generate added return.

A Synthetic Investment Contract (SIC) consists of:

- A fixed income portfolio managed within agreed-upon guidelines.
- A contract by an insurance company or bank called a “wrap”. The wrap provides protection against market volatility by smoothing out the returns that investors experience.

Investment Allocation as of 03/31/2007



Contract Holdings and Reserve as of 03/31/2007

	% of portfolio
1. Bank of America N.A.	13.1%
2. IXIS Financial Products Inc	13.1
3. Pacific Life Insurance Co	13.1
4. Rabobank Nederland	13.1
5. State Street Bank & Trust Co	20.8
6. UBS AG	20.8
7. Cash & Marketable Securities	6.0

IMPORTANT NOTE: Whenever you initiate a trade, there is a possibility the fund company may reject or delay your trade due to a number of circumstances due to extreme market conditions. If a trade is rejected, then the dollar amount will be reinvested in the original fund at the next calculated unit/net asset value after the trade is rejected. This can cause a gain or loss to your account, when units/shares are repurchased on a different day.