

	BIRTH	1 MONTH	2 MONTHS	4 MONTHS	6 MONTHS	9 MONTHS	12 MONTHS	15 MONTHS	18 MONTHS	24 MONTHS	30 MONTHS	3 YEARS	4 YEARS	5 YEARS	6 YEARS	7 YEARS	8 YEARS	9 YEARS	10 YEARS	11 YEARS	12 YEARS	15 YEARS	18 YEARS	
Wellness Exam <sup>1</sup>	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	Every year from age 11 through 18				
Blood Pressure												√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	Every year from age 11 through 18				
Visual Screening <sup>2,3</sup>												√	√	√	√		√		√		√	√		√
Hearing Screening <sup>2</sup>	√												√	√	√		√		√		√	√		
<b>SCREENINGS</b>																								
Hereditary/Metabolic Screening	√																							
Lead Screening						√																		
Hematocrit or Hemoglobin							√																	
<b>IMMUNIZATIONS<sup>4</sup></b>																								
Hepatitis A <sup>5</sup>							Dose 1		Dose 2															
Hepatitis B <sup>5</sup>	Dose 1		Dose 2		Dose 3 (6 to 18 months)																			
Diphtheria/Tetanus/Pertussis (DTaP) <sup>6</sup>			Dose 1	Dose 2	Dose 3			Dose 4 (15 to 18 months)					Dose 5 (4 to 6 years)		One dose of Tdap if five doses were not received previously.									Td every 10 years.
H. Influenzae Type B (Hib)			Dose 1	Dose 2	Dose 3 <sup>6</sup>		Dose 4 (12 to 15 months)																	
Polio (IPV) <sup>6</sup>			Dose 1	Dose 2	Dose 3 (6 to 18 months)								Dose 4 (4 to 6 years)											
Pneumococcal Conjugate (PCV) <sup>6,7</sup>			Dose 1	Dose 2	Dose 3		Dose 4 (12 to 15 months)																	
Measles/Mumps/Rubella (MMR) <sup>5</sup>							Dose 1 (12 to 15 months)							The second dose of MMR is routinely recommended at 4 to 6 years, but may be administered during any visit, provided at least one month has elapsed since receipt of the first dose and that both doses are administered at or after age 12 months										
Chicken Pox <sup>5</sup>							Dose 1						Dose 2	Children not receiving the vaccine prior to 18 months can receive the vaccine at any time. Children 13 years or older who haven't been vaccinated and haven't had chicken pox should receive two doses of the vaccine at least 4 weeks apart. Second dose, catch-up is recommended for those who previously received only 1 dose.										
Influenza <sup>5</sup>																								
Meninogococcal <sup>6</sup>																					Dose 1			One time booster at 16
Rotavirus			Dose 1	Dose 2	Dose 3																			
Human Papillomavirus (HPV)																								One three dose series for individuals between 9 and 26 years old. Dose 2 at two months from Dose 1. Dose 3 at six months from Dose 1.
<b>CARE FOR PATIENTS WITH RISK FACTORS (including discussion of alcohol use, sexual activity and tobacco abuse).</b>																								
Tuberculin Test																								Testing should be done upon recognition of high-risk factors. Frequency should be determined by community and personal risk factors.
Cholesterol Screening																								Screening will be done at the doctor's discretion, based on the child's family history and risk factors.
Chlamydia, Gonorrhea, HIV and Syphilis Screening <sup>8</sup>																								As recommended by doctor.
Pelvic Exam and Pap Test <sup>9,10</sup>																								As recommended by doctor.

1. This includes, at appropriate ages, height, weight and Body Mass Index (BMI) measurement, developmental and behavioral assessment, including autism screening, and other care as determined by the doctor. Coverage is based on a benefit year.
2. As shown and when conditions indicate. If patient is uncooperative, rescreen within six months.
3. Optometric exams require an optional vision benefit.
4. Additional immunizations and expanded age ranges may be eligible based on the AK state mandate for childhood immunizations.
5. Children can get this vaccine at any age if not previously vaccinated.

6. Or other series/schedule as recommended by the doctor.
7. Previously unvaccinated older infants and children who are beyond the age of the routine infant schedule should follow the dosing guidelines recommended by their doctor.
8. Routine screening for all sexually active females and males.
9. Strongly recommended for females who have been sexually active.
10. Pap tests should begin approximately three years after onset of sexual activity.